

FORM PTO-1390 (Modified)  
(REV 10-95)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES  
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)  
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371

31574-00006

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR

**09/937450**

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.

**PCT/GB00/01150**

INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE

**March 27, 2000**

PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED

**March 25, 1999**

TITLE OF INVENTION

**SMOKE DETECTOR HOUSING**

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

**Nicholas Alexander Rutter and Simon Paul Tate**

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☒ This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
4. ☒ A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))
  - a. ☐ is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
  - b. ☒ has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☐ A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
7. ☒ A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).
8. ☒ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))
  - a. ☒ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
  - b. ☐ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
  - d. ☐ have not been made and will not be made.
9. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
10. ☒ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).
11. ☒ A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).
12. ☐ A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).

**Items 13 to 18 below concern document(s) or information included:**

13. ☐ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
14. ☐ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
15. ☒ A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.  
A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
16. ☐ A substitute specification.
17. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
18. ☒ Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail
19. ☐ Other items or information:

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 1.53) <div style="font-size: 1.5em; font-weight: bold; margin-top: 5px;">09/937450</div>		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. <div style="font-weight: bold; margin-top: 5px;">PCT/GB00/01150</div>		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER <div style="font-weight: bold; margin-top: 5px;">31574-00006</div>	
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20. The following fees are submitted: <b>BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)) :</b> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 80%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO .....  <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) .....  <input type="checkbox"/> No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) .....  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO .....  <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4) .....           </div> <div style="width: 15%; text-align: right;"> <div style="font-weight: bold;">\$840.00</div>  <div style="font-weight: bold;">\$670.00</div>  <div style="font-weight: bold;">\$760.00</div>  <div style="font-weight: bold;">\$970.00</div>  <div style="font-weight: bold;">\$96.00</div> </div> </div>				<b>CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY</b>	
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =				<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">\$970.00</div>	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (e)).				<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">\$0.00</div>	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE		
Total claims	11 - 20 =	0	x \$18.00	\$0.00	
Independent claims	1 - 3 =	0	x \$78.00	\$0.00	
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable). <input type="checkbox"/>				\$0.00	
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$970.00	
Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28) (check if applicable). <input type="checkbox"/>				\$0.00	
SUBTOTAL =				\$970.00	
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).				\$0.00	
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$970.00	
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21 (h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if applicable). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				\$40.00	
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				\$1,010.00	
				Amount to be: refunded	\$
				charged	\$

- ☐ A check in the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ to cover the above fees is enclosed.
- ☒ Please charge my Deposit Account No. **13-3735** in the amount of **\$1,010.00** to cover the above fees.  
 A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. **13-3735** A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

**NOTE:** Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

Steven E. Shapiro, Esq.  
 Mitchell Silberberg & Knupp LLP  
 11377 West Olympic Boulevard  
 Los Angeles, California 90064

SIGNATURE  
 Joseph G. Swan  
 NAME  
 41,338  
 REGISTRATION NUMBER  
 September 25, 2001  
 DATE

**CERTIFICATE OF MAILING  
BY EXPRESS MAIL (37 C.F.R. 1.10)****Attorney Docket No.**  
31574-00006

I hereby certify that this TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. § 371 is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 C.F.R. 1.10 in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Box PCT, Washington, D.C. 20231 on September 25, 2001.

Express Mail Label EL638022965USJennifer Ahearn

Name of Person Mailing



Signature of Person Mailing

0937450-092501

"Express Mail" Receipt No. EL638022965US

Date of Deposit September 25, 2001

I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Box PCT, Washington, DC 20231.

*Jennifer D. Ahearn*  
Jennifer Ahearn

**PATENT**  
Atty. Docket No. 31574-00006

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

In re Application of:

NICHOLAS ALEXANDER RUTTER, ET AL.

Serial No.: To Be Assigned

Filed: Herewith

For: SMOKE DETECTOR HOUSING

Group Art Unit: To Be Assigned

Examiner: To Be Assigned

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks  
Box PCT  
Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

Prior to the examination of the above-referenced patent application, Applicants respectfully request entry of the following amendments.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 4, 7, 10 and 11 to read as follows. Copies of these amended claims, marked to show changes from their prior versions, are attached hereto as Appendix A.

4. An alarm according to claim 1 wherein the housing means (12,20) includes first electrical connection means (52) connectable to an external power supply and the cartridge (40) includes second electrical connection means (41) engageable with said first connection means for electrically connecting said cartridge (40) to said power supply thereby to allow said detection means to be powered by said external power supply.

7. An alarm according to claim 1 wherein the cartridge (40) is provided with a plurality of apertures (46) to allow the passage of said radiation and/or pollutants into the cartridge for detection by said detection means.

10. An alarm according to claim 1 having control means responsive to the energising and de-energising of the external power supply a preset number of times over a preset time period to apply a reset signal to the alarm, thereby to reset the alarm in the event an accidental triggering thereof.

11. An alarm according to claim 1 and having control means responsive to the energising and de-energising of the external power supply a preset number of times over a preset time period to apply a test signal to the alarm thereby to test the alarm.

**REMARKS**

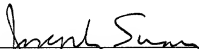
If there are any fees due in connection with the filing of this paper that have not been accounted for in this paper or the accompanying papers, please charge the fees to our Deposit Account No. 13-3735. If an extension of time under 37 C.F.R. 1.136 is required for the filing of this paper and is not accounted for in this paper or the accompanying papers, such an extension is requested and the fee (or any underpayment thereof) should also be charged to our Deposit Account. A duplicate copy of this page is enclosed for that purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

**MITCHELL, SILBERBERG & KNUPP LLP**

Dated: September 25, 2001

By

  
Joseph G. Swan  
Registration No. 41,338

**MITCHELL, SILBERBERG & KNUPP LLP**  
11377 West Olympic Boulevard  
Los Angeles, California 90064  
Telephone: (310) 312-2000  
Facsimile: (310) 312-3100

**APPENDIX A**

**Version with Markings to Show Changes Made**

(12,20) includes first electrical connection means (52) connectable to an external power supply and the cartridge (40) includes second electrical connection means (41) engageable with said first connection means for electrically connecting said cartridge (40) to said power supply thereby to allow said detection means to be powered by said external power supply.

7. An alarm according to [any preceding] claim 1 wherein the cartridge (40) is provided with a plurality of apertures (46) to allow the passage of said radiation and/or pollutants into the cartridge for detection by said detection means.

10. An alarm according to [any preceding] claim 1 having control means responsive to the energising and de-energising of the external power supply a preset number of times over a preset time period to apply a reset signal to the alarm, thereby to reset the alarm in the event an accidental triggering thereof.

11. An alarm according to [any preceding] claim 1 and having control means responsive to the energising and de-energising of the external power supply a preset

number of times over a preset time period to apply a test signal to the alarm thereby to test the alarm.



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11. An alarm according to claim 1 and having control means responsive to the energising and de-energising of the external power supply a preset number of times over a preset time period to apply a test signal to the alarm thereby to test the alarm.

**REMARKS**

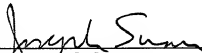
If there are any fees due in connection with the filing of this paper that have not been accounted for in this paper or the accompanying papers, please charge the fees to our Deposit Account No. 13-3735. If an extension of time under 37 C.F.R. 1.136 is required for the filing of this paper and is not accounted for in this paper or the accompanying papers, such an extension is requested and the fee (or any underpayment thereof) should also be charged to our Deposit Account. A duplicate copy of this page is enclosed for that purpose.

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Joseph G. Swan  
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**MITCHELL, SILBERBERG & KNUPP LLP**  
11377 West Olympic Boulevard  
Los Angeles, California 90064  
Telephone: (310) 312-2000  
Facsimile: (310) 312-3100

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# Alarm

The present invention relates to an alarm for detecting radiation and/or air pollutants such as smoke, carbon monoxide, methane, radon or the like.

It is known that contamination of detecting circuitry in a smoke alarm or the like, for example by dust or dirt, can occur with the result that the sensitivity of the smoke detection circuitry is compromised. Consequently, it is recommended that such circuitry is replaced on a regular basis, for example every ten years.

A disadvantage associated with existing detectors is that they are often provided with the detection circuitry fixedly mounted to an outer housing as a single integrated unit.

Replacement of the detection circuitry therefore necessitates replacement of the entire unit which, as the unit is normally mounted to a room ceiling by means of screws or the like, is often a complicated and time-consuming process.

US 5,280,273 discloses a detector for sensing the presence of a toxic gas having a housing comprising a base and a cover. Detection circuitry is fixed inside the housing and biomimetric sensing material and a battery are contained in a cell which can be inserted and withdrawn from the housing by means of a drawer.

DE 197 33 375 discloses a device for fire detection having a housing comprising a base component and a cover component. The cover component is provided with a printed circuit board fitted with electronic components for fire detection.

The present invention seeks to provide an improved alarm.

Accordingly, the present invention provides an alarm for detecting radiation and/or pollutants such as smoke, carbon monoxide or the like having:

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Empfangszeit 27. Apr. 17:18

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housing means; and

detection circuitry for detecting said radiation and/or pollutants;

wherein said detection circuitry is contained within a cartridge which is mountable in said housing means and detachable therefrom.

- 5 Preferably, said housing means comprises an upper housing member and a base, the upper housing member and the base being adapted to be fitted together.

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Advantageously, the base comprises support means and carrier means slidably mounted on the support means, the carrier means being for seating the detection means thereon thereby to permit easy removal of the detection means.

The present invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the  
5 accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a preferred form of alarm according to the present invention in disassembled form;

Figure 2 is a first inverse plan view of a base of the alarm of figure 1;

Figure 3 is a second inverse plan view of the base of figure 2;

10 Figure 4 is a perspective view, partly in section, of the alarm of Figure 1 in partly assembled form;

Figure 5 is a perspective view of the alarm of Figure 1 in fully assembled form; and

Figure 6 is a circuit diagram of a reset/test circuit for the alarm.

15 Referring to figures 1-3, there is shown a preferred form of alarm 10 according to the present invention. In this embodiment, the alarm 10 is a smoke alarm and is intended to replace a conventional ceiling rose for an electric light fitting. Conveniently, therefore, the alarm is powered by the electricity supply to the light fitting. A back-up battery is also provided for use during times when the light fitting is switched off. The electricity supply is additionally used to charge the battery

20 The smoke alarm 10 has an outer housing comprising two portions 12, 20 adapted to be fitted together. The first part is an upper housing member 12 in the form of a substantially circular plate 14 which is intended to be mounted on a ceiling of a room by means of screws or the

like (not shown). The upper housing part 12 also has connecting means, in the form of a U-shaped strip 16, for connecting the two parts of the housing together. The strip 16 is rigidly connected to the plate by a plurality of struts 18 which extend downwardly from a lower face of the plate. The strip 16 and the plate 14 are thus connected in spaced apart relationship with their planes being substantially parallel.

The second part of the housing is a base 20, a plan view of which is shown in Figures 2 and 3. The base 20 is formed in two parts, a supporting member 22 and a carrier 24. The supporting part 22 takes the form of a truncated circular plate 26 with a raised rim 28 extending around the curved part of its perimeter. The carrier part 24 takes the form of a drawer or tray 30 which is mounted for sliding movement in to and out of the supporting part 22 in the direction of the arrow A. As can be seen from Figure 3, when the tray 30 is fully pushed into the supporting part 22, the base forms a closed circular plate with a rim extending fully around its circumference.

As best shown in Figure 4, the base 20 is adapted to be fastened to the upper housing portion 12 to form an outer housing assembly which is substantially circular in cross section and which has flat upper and lower surfaces defined by the outer surfaces of the plates 14, 26. The housing assembly is arranged such that the tray 30 of the base 20 is able to slide in and out of the housing assembly in the direction denoted by the arrow.

Referring back to Figure 1, the smoke alarm 10 includes a cartridge 40 containing smoke detection circuitry, a battery and an alarm sounder (not shown). The cartridge 40 is fully self-contained and can, in fact, operate independently of the housing assembly. The cartridge 40 is adapted to be seated on the tray 30 of the base 20 such that it can be pushed into and drawn out of the housing assembly.

The cartridge 40 has a recess 41 for engagement with electrical connection means provided in the housing assembly as described below. The cartridge 40 has on its upper surface two coaxial, truncated cones 42, 44 each having a plurality of windows 46 disposed equidistantly around their circumferences. The inner cone 42 is fixed relative to the upper surface of the

lower portion of the cartridge 40 whereas the outer cone 44 is rotatable relative to the inner cone 42 and to the upper surface. As the outer cone is rotated relative to the inner cone, the windows 46 in the cones are alternately aligned and disaligned depending on the relative positions of the two cones. Alignment of the windows of the cones 42, 44 provides a plurality of openings into the cartridge for the passage of smoke.

It is preferable, before the cartridge 40 is inserted into the housing assembly, that the windows are disaligned such that no openings into the cartridge are provided. This is to ensure that the smoke detection circuitry within the cartridge 40 is not contaminated by dirt or dust prior to its insertion in the housing assembly.

- 10 In order to align the windows 46 in the cones 42, 44 when the cartridge 40 is inserted in the housing assembly, the smoke alarm 10 includes alignment means in the form of a spigot 48 extending upwardly from an upper surface of the outer cone 44, and an associated shoulder 50 formed in the upper housing member 12. As the cartridge 40, seated on the tray 30 is pushed into the housing assembly, the spigot 48 engages with the shoulder 50 and causes the
- 15 outer cone 44 to rotate (anticlockwise in the drawings) relative to the inner cone 42 and thus align the windows to form the apertures into the cartridge 40.

As can be seen, therefore, the windows are aligned to provide the openings into the cartridge only as the cartridge is inserted into the housing assembly. This prevents the need for the openings to be formed prior to insertion of the cartridge in the housing, thus reducing the likelihood of contamination by dust or dirt of the smoke detection circuitry within the cartridge 40.

Referring to Figure 1, the upper housing member has connection means 52 for connecting the smoke alarm to an extended electricity supply. It will be appreciated that the external electricity supply may be that for powering the light fitting or any other external supply. The

25 connection means 52 is adapted to engage in the recess 41 of the cartridge 40. A radially inner surface of the connection means includes plugs and/or sockets for coupling the electricity supply to the cartridge 40 as the cartridge is inserted into the housing. The

cartridge 40 has corresponding plugs/sockets which engage the plugs/sockets of the connection means 52.

To prevent a user accidentally touching the plugs/sockets of the connection means, the smoke alarm 10 includes isolating means in the form of an arm 54 which is connected to the underside of the upper housing member and is rotatable relative to the upper housing member about a pivot point 56. On one side of the pivot point, the arm extends in a substantially U-shaped portion 54a, the purpose of which is described below. On the other side of the pivot, the arm 54b extends radially outwardly and has at its end an arcuate flange 58 extending downwardly, perpendicular to the plane of the arm 54.

Before insertion of the cartridge 40 into the housing assembly, the flange 58 is aligned with the connection means 52 so as to cover the plugs/sockets and thereby isolate them from a user as shown in figure 4. As the cartridge is inserted into the housing by means of the tray 30, the rotation of the outer cone 44 caused by engagement of the spigot 48 with the shoulder 50 causes a second spigot 60 also extending perpendicularly upward from the upper surface of the outer cone 44 to engage in the U-shaped portion 54a of the arm 54.

As the cartridge is further inserted into the housing assembly, the second spigot 60, engaged in the U-shaped portion of the arm, causes rotation of the arm in the clockwise direction as shown in Figure 4 such that the flange 58 is rotated away from the connection means 52 thereby allowing the plugs and/or sockets to connect with the corresponding plugs and sockets on the cartridge 40.

If the cartridge 40 is withdrawn from the outer housing, the second spigot 60 engaged in the U-shaped portion 54a of the arm 54, causes the arm to rotate in the anticlockwise direction and thus draw the flange back in front of the connection means thereby to isolate the plugs and/or sockets of the connecting means from the user.

It can be seen that the present invention provides an alarm having the advantage that replacement of the detection circuitry is effected quickly and easily without necessitating

removal of the entire unit from the ceiling. This is achieved by providing the detecting circuitry in a discrete cartridge which is inserted into a housing assembly by means of a sliding tray and which connects with an electricity supply within the housing assembly.

- Furthermore, since the cartridge 40 is fully self-contained, replacement of the cartridge means replacement of the electronic circuitry, battery and sounder providing optimum reliability for the alarm.

- It will be appreciated, however, that the invention is not limited to an alarm for detecting smoke. The invention is equally applicable to an alarm for detecting radiation, for example heat (infrared) or the like, and/or for detecting gaseous air pollutants such as carbon monoxide, methane and radon or the like. Furthermore, a single cartridge may be adapted to have detection circuitry for detecting two or more of the above, for example smoke and carbon monoxide or smoke, heat and methane, or any other combination.

- Various modifications and improvements can be made to the invention. For example, in order to ensure that only the correct type of cartridge is inserted into the housing assembly, the tray 30 can be formed with cut-outs or apertures 60 formed in it as shown in figure 1. The underside of the cartridge 40 can be formed with cooperating raised portions or protrusions 62 which match the shape and depth of the apertures 60 such that when the cartridge 40 is seated correctly on the tray 30, the protrusions are engaged in the apertures and the underside of the tray is thus uniform and smooth.

- Locking means in the form of a rake 64 may be fixed in the base 20. The rake has prongs 66 inclined from the horizontal and pointing towards the direction from which the tray 30 is inserted. The prongs 66 have upturned teeth 68 which engage in the apertures 60. If a correct cartridge 40 is seated on the tray 30 with its protrusions 62 engaged in the apertures 60, the teeth 68 of the rake 64 bear upwardly on, and slide across, the uniform underside of the tray 30 as it is pushed into the housing assembly. If, however, an incorrect cartridge (having no/incorrect protrusions on its underside) is seated on the tray 30, the teeth 68 of the rake 64 engage in the apertures on the underside of the tray as it is pushed into the housing assembly



assembly so as to lock the tray and prevent it from being fully inserted.

Moreover, the protrusions on the cartridge and the apertures in the tray can be shaped to distinguish between, for example, a methane alarm and a smoke alarm. This ensures that only the correct type of cartridge can be used in a given alarm.

- 5 The alarm may also provided with means for indicating when replacement of the cartridge should occur. This may be achieved by a simple electronic timer which measures the life of the cartridge and indicates, for example by means of an LED, when the unit has been in place for 10 years which is the recommended maximum life of a smoke alarm. Alternatively, the condition of the detection circuitry or the battery may be monitored to provide an indication  
10 as to when the cartridge should be replaced.

If a timer is used it can be arranged to begin counting down only after the unit is inserted, energized, removed from it's packing or otherwise actuated.

- Referring now to Figure 6, this shows a control circuit 140 which can be used to reset the smoke alarm. The circuit 40 has three flip-flops 142, 144, 146 which are arranged to provide  
15 an output which is high in response to three input pulses on terminal three of the first flip-flop 142. Terminal three is connected to the output of the rectifier and filter unit 132 whilst terminal five of the flip-flop 142 is held high. The effect of this is that if the light switch providing power to the transformer 130 is flicked on and off rapidly three times the output of the counter circuit 148 formed by the flip-flops 142, 144, 146 goes high.

- 20 The output of the counter circuit 148 drives a relay 150 through a pair of MOS field effect transistors 152, 154, the relay in turn applying a reset signal to a logic device 154 which may be included in the reset circuit 138 or external to the reset circuit 138 and controlling the reset circuit in order to reset the alarm 136. As an alternative to the relay 150, the output of transistor 154 could be applied directly to the reset circuit 158 in order to reset the alarm.

- 25 Whilst three "flicks" of the light switch are used to reset the alarm, it will be appreciated that

this number may be varied and the time period during which the "flicks" must be effected can also be varied. In addition, a different number of "flicks" of the light switch could be used, through the logic device 154, to test the alarm or to perform an alternative function such as a change of mode of the alarm, for example to detect a different pollutant such as carbon monoxide.

As an alternative to the circuit of Figure 6 being actuated via a direct electrical signal from the charging circuit, it could be effected by way of a signal generated by a light sensor tripped by rapid ON and OFF switching of the light bulb.

During manufacture of the alarm, it is often the case that the battery supplied by the manufacturer may have a low charge. The alarm of the present invention is provided with circuitry which generates an audible warning from the buzzer 122 when the charge of the battery falls below a certain level. If the battery provided by the manufacturer already contains a low charge, during shipping of the unit it is possible that the audible low charge warning is constantly generated. This can be inconvenient and can further reduce the charge on the battery. It is preferable, therefore, to provide means for disconnecting, for example, the buzzer or the battery, from the circuitry during shipping. This may be achieved, for example, by providing a strip of non-conducting material such as polythene between either the buzzer or the battery and the circuit board. An end of the strip of non-conducting material projects out of the main housing of the alarm such that it can be pulled and withdrawn from between the buzzer and the circuit board prior to, or just after, insertion of the alarm into the ceiling rose light fitting. Once the alarm has been plugged into the light fitting, the lighting circuitry can be switched on such that a trickle charge is provided to the battery as described earlier, thereby to charge to the battery.

Alternatively, the alarm circuitry can be silenced in the above manner by building a short-circuit into the unit preventing the sounder from operating. This short circuit can, for example, be attached to a form of rip-cord which is removed before the cartridge is inserted. When the rip-cord is pulled the short circuit is permanently broken allowing the circuitry to function as intended. This gives the advantage of allowing the circuitry to be permanently

soldered giving greater durability.

Further more, rather than being manually actuated, the rip-cord can be actuated automatically (eg when the cartridge is inserted or removed from its packaging) or electrically (eg the short component is blown) and can also be combined with the actuator of the count down timer as previously described.

An external sensitivity adjustment which is variable in discrete steps or continuously may also be provided on the alarm. Alternatively, to further reduce the degrading effect of heat on the performance and effectiveness of the detection circuitry, the sensitivity of the circuitry may be automatically adjustable such that as the temperature of the circuitry rises, its sensitivity is increased. Thus any degradation in the performance of the detection circuitry is substantially compensated for by an increase in detector sensitivity.

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## Claims:

1 An alarm for detecting radiation and/or pollutants such as smoke, carbon monoxide or the like having:

housing means (12,20); and

5 detection circuitry for detecting said radiation and/or pollutants;

wherein said detection circuitry is contained within a cartridge (40) which is mountable in said housing means and detachable therefrom.

2 An alarm according to claim 1 wherein said housing means comprises an upper housing member (12) and a base (20), the upper housing member (12) and the base (20)  
10 being adapted to be fitted together.

3 An alarm according to claim 2 wherein the base comprises support means (22) and carrier means (24) slidably mounted on the support means, the carrier means (24) being for seating the cartridge (40) thereon for insertion into the housing means (12,20).

4 An alarm according to any preceding claim wherein the housing means (12,20)  
15 includes first electrical connection means (52) connectable to an external power supply and the cartridge (40) includes second electrical connection means (41) engageable with said first connection means for electrically connecting said cartridge (40) to said power supply thereby to allow said detection means to be powered by said external power supply.

5 An alarm according to claim 4 wherein the housing means (12,20) further includes  
20 cover means (58) movable between first and second positions wherein:

in said first position said cover means restricts physical access to the first connection means and in said second position said cover means allows engagement of said first and second

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connection means.

6 An alarm according to claim 5 wherein said cover means (58) is movable between said first and second positions in response to insertion and removal of said cartridge (40) into and from said housing means (12,20).

5 7 An alarm according to any preceding claim wherein the cartridge (40) is provided with a plurality of apertures (46) to allow the passage of said radiation and/or pollutants into the cartridge for detection by said detection means.

8 An alarm according to claim 7 wherein the cartridge (40) is provided with closure means for closing said apertures, said closing means being means movable between first and second positions wherein:

10

in said first position said closure means closes said apertures and in said second position said closure means opens said apertures.

9 An alarm according to claim 8 wherein said closure means is movable between said first and second positions in response to insertion and removal of said cartridge (40) into and from said housing means.

15

10 An alarm according to any preceding claim having control means responsive to the energising and de-energising of the external power supply a preset number of times over a preset time period to apply a reset signal to the alarm, thereby to reset the alarm in the event an accidental triggering thereof.

20 11 An alarm according to any preceding claim and having control means responsive to the energising and de-energising of the external power supply a preset number of times over a preset time period to apply a test signal to the alarm thereby to test the alarm.

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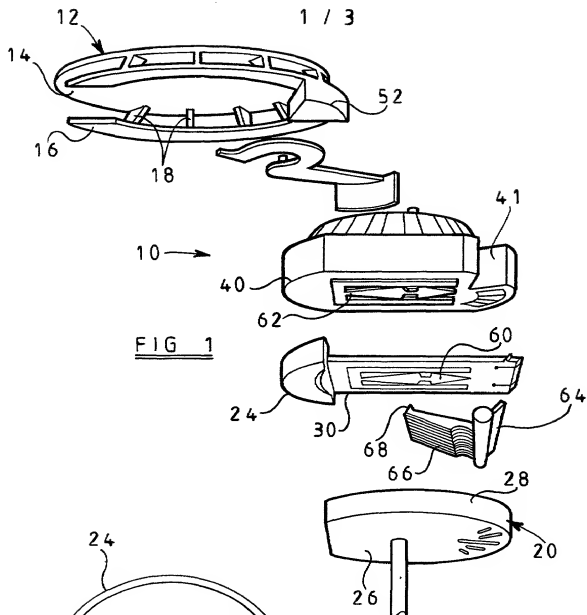


FIG 1

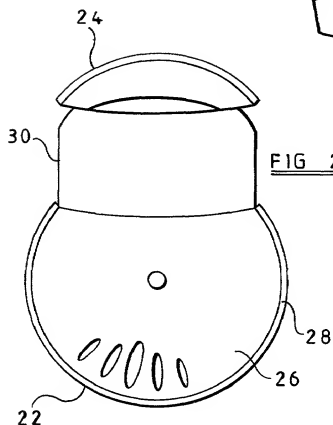


FIG 2

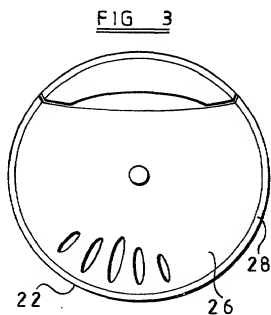
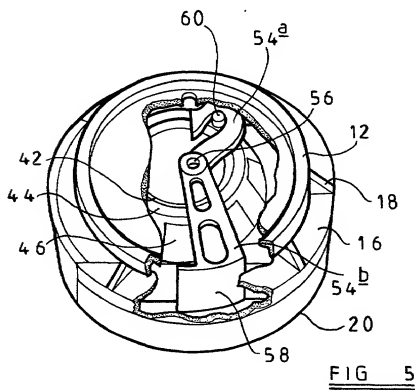
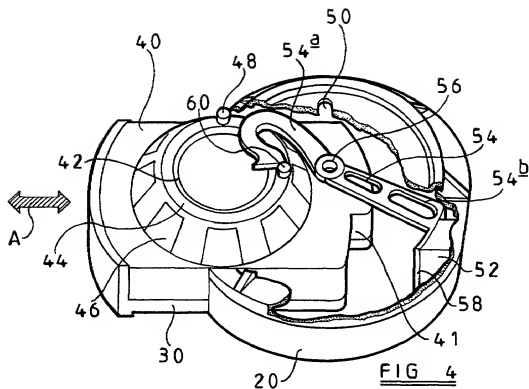


FIG 3

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## DECLARATION, POWER OF ATTORNEY AND PETITION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled SMOKE DETECTOR HOUSING

☒ the specification of which is attached hereto.  
☐ the specification of which was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ and assigned U.S. Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application of which priority is claimed.

### Prior Foreign Application(s)

Country	Application Number	Date of Filing	Priority Claimed Under 35 U.S.C. 119
International	PCT/GB00/01150	March 27, 2000	March 25, 1999

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 or § 119 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Application Number	Date of Filing	Status (patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

And I hereby appoint:

Steven E. Shapiro, Reg. No. 35,676 and Joseph G. Swan, Reg. No. 41,338

of the firm of:

MITCHELL, SILBERBERG & KNUFF LLP  
11377 West Olympic Boulevard,  
Los Angeles, California 90064  
(310) 312-2000

as my attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact in connection therewith all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office and before competent International Authorities.

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09/09/01 14:51 MSK + 024 7625 6197

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Attorney Doctos No. 3157-1-00004

**Please send all correspondence to:**

Steven E. Shapiro, Esq.  
MITCHELL, SILBERBERG & KNAPP LLP  
11377 West Olympic Boulevard  
Los Angeles, California 90084  
(310) 312-2000

Wherefore I pray that Letters Patent be granted to me for the invention or discovery described and claimed in the foregoing specification and claims, and I hereby subscribe my name to the foregoing specification and claims, declare under oath that I am the inventor or discoverer of the same, and that I am not aware of any other person who has or is entitled to any right in the same, and this petition.

Listing of Inventors Continued on Page 3 hereof ☐ Yes ☒ No

Full name of first or sole inventor Nicholas Alexander Rutter

Inventor's signature [Signature] Date 21/4/01  
Residence Coventry, England, U.K.  
Citizenship Great Britain  
Post Office Address The TechnoCentre, Puma Way, Coventry, England CV1 2TT

Full name of second inventor: Simon Paul Tata

Inventor's signature [Signature] Date 21/9/0  
 Residence Coventry, England, CV3 2T  
 Citizenship Great Britain  
 Post Office Address The Techno Centre, Puma Way, Coventry, England CV3 2T